

Power. Sheet.

CR-GC150 Commercial Deep Cycle

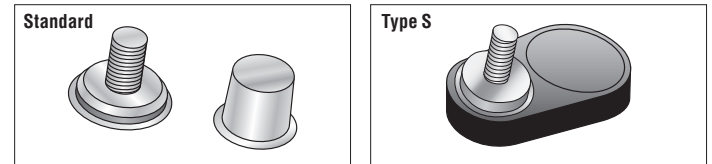
The Power Behind Performance



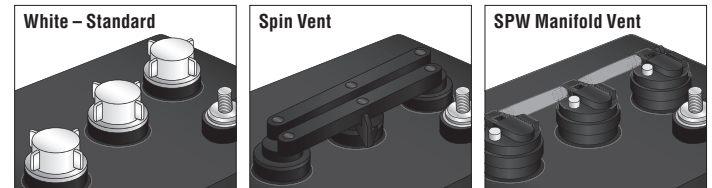
Crown Battery Manufacturing's team of research and development engineers welcome the opportunity to discuss your technical requirements during the design and specification stage. To access this technical assistance, please contact:

Crown Battery Manufacturing's Product Support Department
+1.419.334.7181 | sales@crownbattery.com | Fax +1.419.334.7124

AVAILABLE TERMINAL STYLES:



VENT CAP OPTIONS:



PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS

BCI Group Size	Model Description	Nominal Voltage	Length		Width		Container Height		Terminal Height		Weight		Cover & Container Material	Case to Cover Seal Method
			in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	lbs	kgs		
GC12	CR-GC150	12	12.92	328	7.06	179	9.70	246	10.53	267	81	36.7	Polypropylene Plastic	Heat Seal

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Ampere Hour Capacity (Ah)							Discharge Capacity Minutes					KWH (kWh)	Internal Resistance
100 Hr	72 Hr	48 Hr	20 Hr	10 Hr	5 Hr	2 Hr	100A	75A	56A	25A	10A	100 Hr	80°F / 27°C
181	176	163	150	127	123	88	42	61	103	243	757	2.172	8.4mΩ

CHARGING INSTRUCTIONS:

Crown Battery Manufacturing Company specifies the following standard battery charge profile for the CR-GC150 deep cycle battery when used in an electric vehicle service:

Phase 1: Constant Current (I1) I1 = highest amperage available < 36 amps

Phase 1: Constant Current (I1) I1 = minimum amperage available > 18 amps

Normal transition to Phase 2 at 2.37 Volts Per Cell.

Safety transition to END OF CHARGE of $dV / dt < 0V / 1 \text{ hr}$, $dt = 1 \text{ hr}$. (NEGATIVE SLOPE).

Timeout for Phase 1 = 10 hours.

Phase 2: Constant Voltage (U2) U2 = 2.37 VPC

Normal Transition to Phase 3 at I2 = 5.0 amps or approximate.

Safety transition to END OF CHARGE of $I \text{ dl/dt} < 0.4 \text{ amp} / 1 \text{ hr}$, $dt = 1 \text{ hr}$.

Phase 3: Constant Current (I3) I3 = 5.0 amps or approximate

Normal transition to END OF CHARGE at 115 - 118% of AH returned.

PLEASE CONTACT CROWN BATTERY MANUFACTURING COMPANY TO ADVISE THE SPECIFIC CHARGE TERMINATION METHOD USED.

Timeout for charging phases 1 - 3 at 16 hours.

Temperature compensation coefficient = +/- 3 mV / °C.

Recommended Equalization Charge: Every seven (7) days. 4 additional hours at normal finish rate of 5.0 amps for 4 hours.

Safety transition to END OF CHARGE at maximum voltage of 2.7 VPC.

CR-GC150 Commercial Deep Cycle Battery

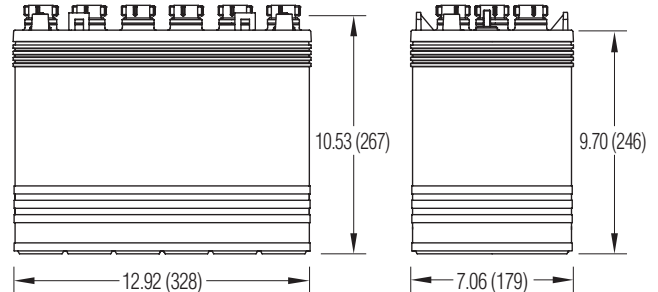
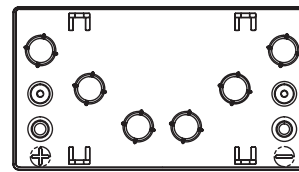
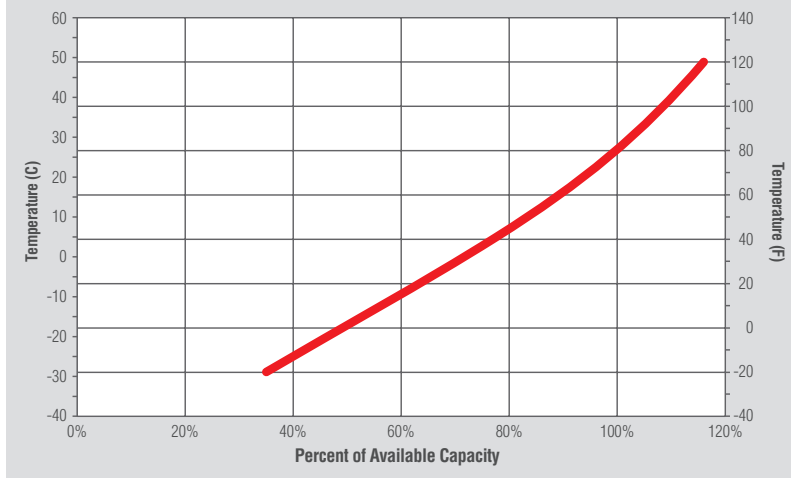
APPLICATION RECOMMENDATIONS

Specific Gravity	Operating Temperature Range	Self Discharge	Terminal Torque Specifications
<p>Fully charged battery specific gravity (100% state-of-charge) is 1.275</p> <p>Fully discharged battery specific gravity (100% depth-of-discharge) is 1.125</p>	<p>-40°F to 120°F (-40°C to 49°C). Flooded lead acid battery capacities are temperature sensitive: refer to the temperature / capacity projection chart below to identify available capacity at the application operating temperature. Application Note: Maintain a state of charge greater than 60 percent when operating flooded lead acid batteries at temperatures below 32°F (0°C).</p>	<p>Fully charged batteries that are stored at a temperature of 80°F (27°C) will self-discharge at a rate of 3.5% per week.</p>	<p>SAE / Automotive Terminal Style: 50 to 70 in-lbs / 6 to 8 Nm</p> <p>Stainless Threaded Terminal (Types C, S, Z): 100 to 120 in-lbs / 11 to 14 Nm</p>

Application Note: Lead acid batteries contain corrosive battery electrolyte and generate highly flammable hydrogen gas. When working near batteries wear protective clothing, gloves, and safety glasses when handling batteries and electrolyte and always work in a well-ventilated area. Do not over-torque terminals. Over-torque can result in terminal damage, breakage, terminal meltdown or fire.

Crown Battery's flooded lead acid deep cycle batteries require periodic preventative maintenance and effective charging service to ensure dependable service life. Customers can find Crown Battery's recommended best practices for deep cycle battery care, maintenance and application at www.crownbattery.com/en/wp-content/uploads/2012/10/SafetyFirst-DeepCycle2.pdf or by contacting Crown Battery to request this information.

AVAILABLE CAPACITY AT APPLICATION OPERATING TEMPERATURE



CR-GC150 EXPECTED LIFE PERFORMANCE

The CR-GC150 Battery is designed for use in golf and electric vehicle applications and will typically deliver in excess of 20,000 ampere-hours before reaching the end of its useful life. Crown deep cycle batteries employ a low-maintenance design and require periodic maintenance and effective charging service (see Page 1 charging references for minimum charging requirements) to ensure the minimum life expectations and dependability to vehicle owners and operators.

The battery life references presented above are estimations based upon stationary life cycle testing conducted at Crown Battery Manufacturing's Testing Center in Fremont, Ohio USA. The data references are nominal and should not be construed as maximum or minimum values for specifications or for final design. Data for this product type may vary from that shown herein, and Crown Battery makes no warranties – expressed or implied – based upon the data shown above.

Effect of Battery Temperature on Battery Life

Lead acid batteries are electrochemical storage devices that store and release chemical energy upon demand in the form of electricity. By virtue of their design lead acid batteries are highly reactive to temperature – with the rate of chemical reactions that occur within the battery being affected by the operating temperature where the battery is used. Higher operating temperatures will result in faster chemical reactions within the battery – delivering improved discharge performance; conversely, cooler operating temperatures will result in slower internal chemistry. However, higher operating temperatures also result in shortened battery life as the increased rate of chemical reactions will accelerate the rate of deterioration of internal components.

Typical battery life is based upon a baseline operating temperature of 80°F / 27°C. Temperature increases of 15°F / 10°C over the baseline will cause the battery's rate of internal chemical reactions to double – something that will reduce battery life due to the accelerated deterioration of internal components. Please contact Crown Battery to discuss any minimal requirements for battery life when operating batteries in temperatures greater than 80°F / 27°C.

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